

Summary

- * Mass measurements of exotic nuclei at the ESR for nuclear-structure investigations and understanding of forces and nuclear many-body problems
- * Unique combination of a Fragment Separator and a Storage and Cooler Ring

* Schottky Mass Spectrometry (SMS):

cooled beams, time-resolved Schottky spectroscopy

sensitivity: single ions

accessible half-lives: $T_{1/2} > 1 \text{ s}$

mass resolving power: $R = 700.000$

mass accuracy: $\delta m = 20 \dots 100 \text{ keV} = 1 \dots 5 * 10^{-7}$

more than 200 new masses in only 2 runs

* Isochronous Mass Spectrometry (IMS):

first successful tests

hot beams, tof-pickup detector

sensitivity: single ions

accessible half-lives: $T_{1/2} > 1 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

mass resolving power: $R = 100.000$

mass accuracy: $\delta m = 50 \dots 150 \text{ keV} = 1 \dots 3 * 10^{-6}$

- * New experimental techniques ideally suited to study gross properties of exotic nuclei
- * Well suited to map large mass areas

* Outlook:

stochastic precooling

fission fragments with IMS